Enter a number no larger than 2,000,000,000:

1

Enter a larger number no larger than 2,000,000,000:

15

array to be created of size: 15 to hold decimals

array to be created of size: 15 to hold decimals in binary form

array to be created of size: 210 to store all possible bitwise AND

Decimal number in array is: 1

The decimal number is: 1

*** This program will convert decimal 1 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 2

The decimal number is: 2

*** This program will convert decimal 2 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 3

The decimal number is: 3

*** This program will convert decimal 3 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 4

The decimal number is: 4

*** This program will convert decimal 4 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 5

The decimal number is: 5

*** This program will convert decimal 5 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 6

The decimal number is: 6

*** This program will convert decimal 6 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 7

The decimal number is: 7

*** This program will convert decimal 7 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 8

The decimal number is: 8

*** This program will convert decimal 8 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 9

The decimal number is: 9

*** This program will convert decimal 9 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 10

The decimal number is: 10

*** This program will convert decimal 10 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 11

The decimal number is: 11

*** This program will convert decimal 11 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 12

The decimal number is: 12

*** This program will convert decimal 12 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 13

The decimal number is: 13

*** This program will convert decimal 13 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 14

The decimal number is: 14

*** This program will convert decimal 14 into binary

Decimal number in array is: 15

The decimal number is: 15

*** This program will convert decimal 15 into binary

```
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.Arrays;
public class Main
{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num;
    int num1;
    test t;
    //do {
    Scanner reader = new Scanner(System.in); // Reading from System.in
    System.out.println("Enter a number no larger than 2,000,000,000: ");
    num = reader.nextInt(); // Scans the next token of the input as an int.
    System.out.println("Enter a larger number no larger than 2,000,000,000: ");
    num1 = reader.nextInt(); // Scans the next token of the input as an int.
    //once finished
    reader.close();
```

```
int sizeArray = (num1-num)+1; // this is to ensure the size of array to store decimals and binary
conversions
                      // is inclusive of the lower and upper limit
    int arrayBitwiseAnd = sizeArray * (sizeArray -1); // this size ensures all combinations of
BitWiseAnd can be stored
    System.out.println("Array to be created of size: " + sizeArray + " to hold decimals");
    System.out.println("Array to be created of size: " + sizeArray + " to hold decimals in binary
form");
    System.out.println("Array to be created of size: " + arrayBitwiseAnd + " to store all possible
bitwise AND");
    System.out.println("\n");
    // THE FUNCTION HAS TO START here
   t= new test(num,num1,sizeArray, arrayBitwiseAnd);
   }
}
class test
{
  int binary[] = new int[31]; //This is to define 31 bit array to hold binary value. Maximum value is
over 2 billion.
                     // This is Java's limitation.
    int j; //counter
    int i; //counter
```

```
String conversion; // this will be used to output binary conversion on screen without having to
iterate through loop again
    int num;
   int sizeArray;
   int arrayBitwiseAnd;
   int bitwiseAnd[] = new int[arrayBitwiseAnd];
 public test(int num, int num1, int sizeArray, int arrayBitwiseAnd)
    {
      this.sizeArray=sizeArray;
      this.num=num;
      this.arrayBitwiseAnd=arrayBitwiseAnd;
      int rangeDecimal[] = new int[sizeArray]; // this will hold all the decimal values to be
converted
      // This is to store all decimal numbers into array
      for (int i=0; i<sizeArray;i++)
      {
         rangeDecimal[i]=num+i;
         System.out.println("\n");
         System.out.println("Decimal number in array is: " + rangeDecimal[i]);
      // This is tricky part... Unsure of how to store array of binary conversions.
      int rangeBinary[][] = new int[sizeArray][32]; //this will hold the
    System.out.println("The decimal number is: " + rangeDecimal[i]);
    int length = binary.length;
```

```
System.out.println("*** This program will convert decimal" + rangeDecimal[i] + " into binary");\\
//Execute a for loop to check modulus (i.e no remainder)
for (j=length-1; j>=0; j--)
{
    int divisor = (int)(Math.pow(2,j));
    if (rangeDecimal[i] - divisor >=0)
{
  binary[(length-1)-j] = 1;
  rangeDecimal[i]=rangeDecimal[i]-divisor;
}
  }
  conversion = Arrays.toString(binary);
System.out.println("The binary version is: " + conversion );
}
}
```

}