It is failing almost instantly in trying to access the board... I have commented certain areas of code also (which are highlighted in red), since it causes the execution to fail altogether of the software. I am unsure of the cause...

Validation is ok for chip insertion

```
Welcome to Online IDE!! Happy Coding :)

[COLUMN 1: FREE, COLUMN 2: FREE, COLUMN 3: FREE, COLUMN 4: FREE, COLUMN 5: FREE, COLUMN 6: FREE, COLUMN 7: FREE]

Which column would you like to insert the coin

8

Which column would you like to insert the coin

6
```

Unexpected runtime error

```
Player 1 has dropped the Yellow chip
This is the column chip placed in:6
Exception in thread "main"
java.lang.NullPointerException
at connectFour.checkAvailability(Main.java:335)
at Player1.insertYellowChip(Main.java:457)
at Player1.<init>(Main.java:438)
at connectFour.<init>(Main.java:34)
at Main.main(Main.java:408)
```

*** CODF ***

```
//*** CODE ***
```

```
Online Java - IDE, Code Editor, Compiler
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```
Online Java is a quick and easy tool that helps you to build, compile, test your programs
online.
*/
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.util.Arrays;
interface playConnectFour
  public void insertChip();
  public boolean checkAvailability(int input, int colour, String name);
  public boolean checkConnectFour(int colour);
  public void viewBoard();
}
class connectFour implements playConnectFour
  int [][] board;
  //int rows = 6;
  //int columns = 7;
  int i;
  int input;
  String availableColumns[] = {"COLUMN 1: FREE", "COLUMN 2: FREE", "COLUMN 3:
FREE","COLUMN 4: FREE","COLUMN 5: FREE","COLUMN 6: FREE","COLUMN 7: FREE"};
  //THIS IS FAILING.. THIS IS TO LET END USER KNOW THE STATUS OF THE COLUMNS BEFORE
PLACING A CHIP IN
  //System.out.println(Arrays.toString(availableColumns));
  Player1 p1 = new Player1(this, board);
  public connectFour(int[][] board)
    this.board=board;
  }
  public void insertChip()
  }
  public void viewBoard()
    for (int [] temp: board)
      System.out.println(Arrays.toString(temp));
```

```
}
  }
  public boolean checkConnectFour(int colour)
    //this will have to check if 4 in a row.
    // this will check first in the vertical direction
    int vertical=0:
    int horizontal=0;
    int diagonal=0;
    int counter=0;
    int upRow=0;
    int downRow=0;
    // CHECKING VERTICALLY
    // need logic here that if there is not a vertical yellow, it will set count back to 0
    // not so easy since it needs to count upwards and downwards
    if (j!=0)
    for (int k = j-1; k > = 0; k - 1) // this is checking all rows below (same column) for yellows
    // since this does a pre-decrement, it would fail if j row = 0;
      if (board[k][input]==colour) //there is also a yellow in that position
      {
         vertical++;
      }
      if (board[k][input]==0) // this is problem part of code... since it might find non-
matching colour below...
      // but vertically above there might be matching......
      // so need to store counter in another variable potentially.
      {
         counter=vertical;
         vertical=0;
      }
    }
    }
    // row index is 0-5
    if (j!=5)
    for (int k = j+1; k < = 5; k++) // this is checking all rows above (same column) for yellows
```

```
{
      if (board[k][input]==colour) //there is also a vellow in that position
         vertical++;
      }
      if (board[k][input]==0)
         counter=counter+vertical;
         vertical=0;
      }
    }
    }
    if (counter==3) // this is 3 since it excludes the chip at [j][input]
      System.out.println("connect 4");
      viewBoard();
      return true;
    }
    // CHECKING HORIZONTALLY
    // WITH HORIZONTAL CHECK, NEED TO CHECK EACH LAYER
    // SO NEED ANOTHER FOR LOOP
    // to the right
      counter=0;
    if (input!=6) // Note the input has been set to 6 since can not check horizontally on 0-6
index notation (7 columns)
    {
    for (int j=0; j<=5;j++) // this is to check each row index 0-5
    {
      counter=0;
    for (int m = input+1; m<=6; m++) // this is checking the same row to the right for yellows...
    // it is adding 1 to colsRight to ensure 5 cols are checked
      if (board[j][m]==colour) //there is also a yellow in that position
         horizontal++;
      }
      if (board[j][m]==0)
         counter=horizontal;
```

```
horizontal=0;
       }
    }
    }
  }
  if (input!=0) // Note the input has been set to 0 since can not check to any columns to the
left if chip entered in first column
    {
    // to the left
     for (int j=0; j<=5;j++) // this is to check each row index 0-5
     for (int m = input-1; m>=0; m--) // this is checking all rows below (same column) for
yellows
    {
       if (board[j][m]==colour) //there is also a yellow in that position
         horizontal++;
       }
       if (board[j][m]==0)
         counter=counter+horizontal;
         horizontal=0;
       }
    }
    }
    if (counter==3)
       System.out.println("connect 4");
       viewBoard();
       return true;
    }
 counter = 0;
// CHECKING DIAGONALLY.
    // can not check diagonally upwards if the chip sits in top row or last column
```

```
if (input!=6 && j!=5)
    //this is checking diagonal with positive gradient
    for (int m = input+1; m<=6; m++) // this has to reduce columns by 1 to ensure no overrun
diagonal check
      upRow++;
      if (board[j+upRow][m]==colour) //there is also a yellow in that position
        diagonal++;
      }
      if (board[j+upRow][m]==0)
        counter=diagonal;
        diagonal=0;
      }
    }
    }
    // this has to ensure that the chip is not sitting along the bottom line
    //this is checking diagonal with positive gradient. Extending the line.
    downRow = 0;
    if (j!=0 && input!=0)
      for (int m = input-1; m>=0; m--)
      downRow++;
      if (board[j-downRow][m]==colour) //there is also a yellow in that position
      {
        diagonal++;
      }
      if (board[j-downRow][m]==0)
        counter=counter + diagonal;
        diagonal=0;
      }
      }
  }
       if (counter==3)
      System.out.println("connect 4");
```

viewBoard();

```
return true;
    }
    counter=0;
    upRow=0;
    //this is checking diagonal with negative gradient moving upwards
    if (input!=0 && j!=5)
    for (int m = input-1; m<=0; m--) // this has to reduce columns by 1 to ensure no overrun
diagonal check
    {
      upRow++;
      if (board[j+upRow][m]==colour) //there is also a yellow in that position
      {
        diagonal++;
      }
      if (board[j+upRow][m]==0)
        counter=diagonal;
        diagonal=0;
      }
    }
    }
    //this is checking diagonal with negative gradient. Extending the line.
    downRow = 0;
      if (input!=6 && j!=0)
      for (int m = input+1; m>=6; m++) //
      downRow++;
      if (board[j-downRow][m]==colour) //there is also a yellow in that position
      {
        diagonal++;
      }
      if (board[j-downRow][m]==0)
        counter=counter+ diagonal;
        diagonal=0;
```

```
}
       }
       }
       if (counter==3)
       System.out.println("connect 4");
       viewBoard();
       return true;
    }
    return false;
}
  public boolean checkAvailability(int input, int colour, String name)
    int instances=0;
    this.input=input;
    String chipColour="";
    boolean availability=false;
    //yellow is being assigned value 1
    switch(colour)
       case 1:
         chipColour="Yellow";
         break;
       case 2:
         chipColour="Red";
         break;
         default:
    }
    System.out.println(name + " has dropped the " + chipColour + " chip");
    System.out.println("This is the column chip placed in:" + input);
    for (j=0; j<7;j++)
       // the coin will drop to lowest position on the grid
```

```
if (board[j][input]==0) // all default values in declared array is 0
      {
         board[j][input]=colour; // this will input a 1 to denote yellow if available. 2 to
denote red
         availability=true;
         viewBoard();
         checkConnectFour(colour);
         break;
      }
    }
    if (availability)
      return true;
    }
    // This bit of code is not compiling. Logic seems correct.
    Intention is to mark the string array available columns with FULL if the column is full.
    // It will then count if instances is equal to number of columns... and if all columns full,
    //terminate the application.
    if (!availability) // end user will be prompted to enter chip in different column if no
availability
    {
      availableColumns[input]="COLUMN " + input+": " + "FULL";
      for (String s:availableColumns)
         if (s.indexof("FULL"))
           instances++;
           if (instances==columns)
             System.out.println("The grid is all full");
             System.exit(0);
      }
      checkAvailability(input,colour,name);
    return false;
```

```
}
}
public class Main
  public static void main(String[] args) {
  System.out.println("Welcome to Online IDE!! Happy Coding:)");
  //int [][] board = new int [5][6]; // this ensures 7 columns and 6 rows
  \{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\},\
              \{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\},\
              \{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\},
              \{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\},\
              \{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\},
             };
  connectFour cf = new connectFour(board);
  }
}
class Player1
  int[][] currentBoard;
  connectFour cf;
  chips yellow;
  String name = "Player 1";
  Player2 p2;
  enum chips
    YELLOW, RED;
  public Player1(connectFour cf, int[][] currentBoard)
    this.currentBoard=currentBoard;
    this.cf=cf;
    chips yellow = chips.YELLOW;
    this.yellow=yellow;
    insertYellowChip(yellow);
    p2=new Player2(cf, currentBoard); // do not need this object.. but it is here just incase
need to get instance of p1
```

```
}
  public void insertYellowChip(chips yellow)
    int selection;
    System.out.println(Arrays.toString(cf.availableColumns)); // This will show end user free
columns
    do
    {
    System.out.println("Which column would you like to insert the coin");
    Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
    selection = scan.nextInt();
    } while (selection<1 || selection>7);
    selection = selection - 1;
                                //1 has been subtracted since it is a zero index notation
board....
    cf.checkAvailability(selection,1,name);
  }
  public void insertYellowChip()
    insertYellowChip(yellow);
}
class Player2
  int[][]currentBoard;
  connectFour cf;
  String name = "Player 2";
  Player1 p1;
  enum chips
    YELLOW, RED;
  public Player2(connectFour cf, int[][] currentBoard)
  {
    this.cf=cf;
    this.currentBoard=currentBoard;
    chips red = chips.RED;
    insertRedChip(red);
    p1=new Player1(cf, currentBoard); // do not need this object.. but it is here just incase
```

```
need to get instance of p1
  }
  public void insertRedChip (chips red)
    int selection;
    System.out.println(Arrays.toString(cf.availableColumns)); // This will show end user free
columns
    do
    System.out.println("Which column would you like to insert the coin");
    Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
    selection = scan.nextInt();
    } while (selection<1 || selection>7);
    selection = selection - 1; //1 has been subtracted since it is a zero index notation
board....
    cf.checkAvailability(selection,2,name);
  }
}
```